# LAS-ANS Symposium SITING OF NEW NUCLEAR POWER PLANTS AND IRRADIATED FUEL FACILITIES

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### BRAZILIAN REGULATORY ACTIONS AFTER FUKUSHIMA DAIICHI

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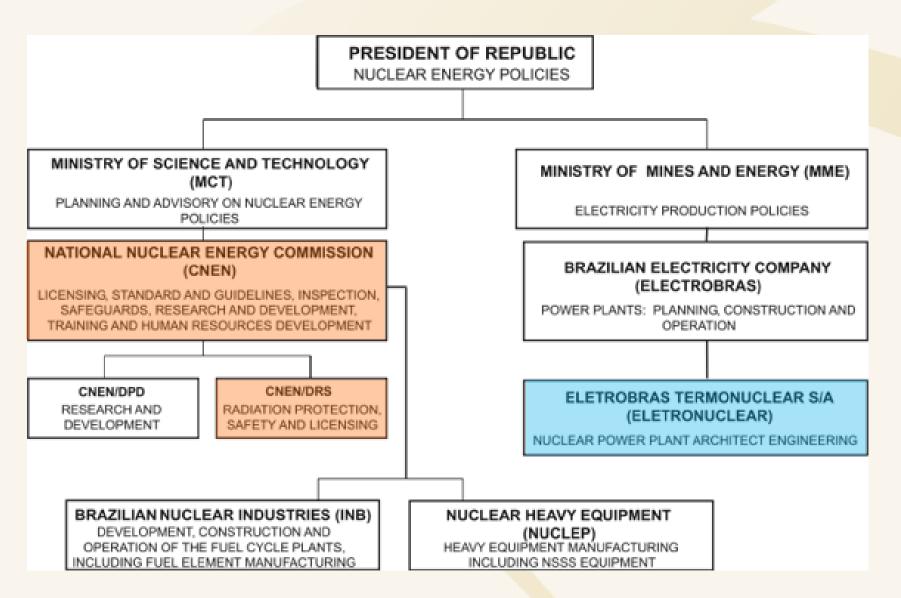


#### Summary

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#### **Brazilian Nuclear Sector Organization**





#### **ANGRA Nuclear Power Plant**

- Administrated by ELETRONUCLEAR, a state company with the monopoly in nuclear power generation in Brazil
- Angra I, Westinghouse PWR, 637 MWe (1985)
- Angra 2, Siemens/KWU PWR, 1350 MWe (2000)
- Angra 3, Siemens/KWU PWR, 1405 MWe (2018)





Angra 2 / Angra 1



# Regulatory requests from CNEN to ELETRONUCLEAR after Fukushima (1/2)

In may 2011, CNEN requested from ELETRONUCLEAR the following actions/evaluations:

- Identification of the main differences between Fukushima and Angra NPPs designs;
- Identification of possible initiating external (extreme) events and internal events that potentially could result in a common cause failure;
- Control of hydrogen concentrations in the containment;
- Guaranty of emergency electric energy supply;
- Compliance with station black-out requirements;



### Regulatory requests from CNEN to ELETRONUCLEAR after Fukushima (2/2)

- Service water system, cooling network;
- Procedures for severe accidents;
- Access to reactor building and controlled area after a severe accident;
- Development of Probabilistic Safety Analysis Level 1, 1+ and 2;
- Stress test evaluations;
- Emergency plan.



# Actions taken by ELETRONUCLEAR in response to CNEN requests (1/5)

- Creation of the Response Plan to Fukushima a broad planning of studies and designs for safety reevaluation of Angra NPP in the light of the lessons learned from Fukushima Daiichi accident;
- Stress test evaluations based on the specifications published in the FORO report "Evaluación de Resistencia de las Centrales Nucleares en los Países Miembros del Foro Iberoamericano de Organismos Reguladores Radiológicos y Nucleares";
- The final Stress Test Report was issued in march 2012;



# Actions taken by ELETRONUCLEAR in response to CNEN requests (2/5)

- The Response Plan to Fukushima, which is under development since 2011, is organized into three major evaluation areas:
  - Protection Against Risk Events
  - Cooling Capacity of Reactor and Pools
  - Control of Radiological Consequences
- More than 50 initiatives comprised by studies and projects;
- The priorities of the Plan have been oriented by the results of the stress test evaluations and by those initiatives that would bring the most significant gains in safety margins in the short and medium term;



# Actions taken by ELETRONUCLEAR in response to CNEN requests (3/5)

Main initiatives in the area of **Protection Against Risk Events**:

- Reevaluation of seismic hazard, with updated geological and seismological databases and an adequate probabilistic treatment.
- Reevaluation of the protection pier of Angra site taking into account sea movements determined by severe meteorological conditions;
- Reevaluation of scenarios considering severe rains and landslides;
- Evaluation of the impact of tornadoes;
- Reevaluation of hurricane hazard;



# Actions taken by ELETRONUCLEAR in response to CNEN requests (4/5)

Main initiatives in the area of Cooling Capacity of Reactor and Pools:

- Evaluation of bleed-and-feed procedures for beyond-the-design basis conditions;
- Acquisition of mobile equipment for emergency electrical energy supply, batteries recharge, water supply for the steam generators and air supply for valve actuation;
- Improvement of service water supply system of the plant (new adduction lines; new water reservoir seismically qualified and at an elevation high enough to feed the steam generators in a completely passive way);
- Study of alternative ways for pool cooling in station black-out scenarios;



# Actions taken by ELETRONUCLEAR in response to CNEN requests (5/5)

Main initiatives in the area of Control of Radiological Consequences:

- Implementation of guidelines for Severe Accident Management;
- Installation of hydrogen catalytic recombiners;
- Installation of containment venting systems;
- Study of alternatives for emergency control points;
- Study and implantation of alternatives routs for people evacuation in emergency situations.



#### Brazilian Standard - Site Approval for Nuclear Power Plants (1/2)

- CHAPTER I SCOPE
- CHAPTER II CRITERIA
  - Section I Hazards Associated to External Natural and Anthropic Events
  - Section II Potential Impacts of the NPP on the Region
  - Section III Emergency Plan Considerations
- CHAPTER III REQUIREMENTS FOR SITE EVALUATION
  - Section I Geology and Seismology
  - Section II Meteorology
  - Section III Hydrology and Water Resources



#### Brazilian Standard - Site Approval for Nuclear Power Plants (2/2)

- CHAPTER IV CHARACTERISTICS OF THE SITE AND POTENTIAL EFFECTS OF THE PLANT ON THE REGION
  - Section I Atmospheric Dispersion of Radioactive Material
  - Section II Dispersion of Radioactive Material in Surface Water
  - Section III Dispersion of Radioactive Material in Groundwater
  - Section IV Land and Water Use in the Region
  - Section V Population Distribution
  - Section VI Radiological Environmental Impact Assessment
- CHAPTER V QUALITY ASSURANCE
- CHAPTER VI FINAL PROVISIONS



#### **Concluding Remarks (1/2)**

- Despite the big differences between Fukushima Daiichi and Angra (site and plant design), Fukushima tragic experience has led to a complete reevaluation of Angra NPP safety margins related to extreme events;
- Several studies are being conducted and safety improvements implemented in the units Angra 1 and Angra 2 (the Response Plan to Fukushima progress status is closed followed by CNEN through reports sent by ELETRONUCLEAR every three months);
- ➤ The lessons from Fukushima are also reflected in the design basis of Angra 3, which is under construction, mainly with respect to reevaluation of external hazards;



#### **Concluding Remarks (2/2)**

- ➤ Fukushima experience also influenced the new Brazilian standard "Site Approval for Nuclear Power Plants", specially with regard to:
  - impact evaluation of multi-unit plants;
  - comprehensive investigation of the site characteristics with regard to external hazards;
  - use of probabilistic methodologies whenever possible;
  - risk evaluation of combined events (for example, landslides during severe rains and earthquake);
  - extensive data collection for evaluation of the potential effects of the plant on the region adjacent to the site;
  - assurance of viability for implantation of an effective emergency plan.



#### **Thank You for Your Attention**

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