Symposium on Siting of New Nuclear Power Plants & Irradiated Fuel Facilities, Buenos Aires, 24-28 June, 2013



PANEL 2 : Fukushima Daiichi's Impact in Japan's Nuclear Power Programs

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Catastrophic Earthquake & Tsunami attacked Japan's Tohoku-area on March 11, 2011

Tohoku Region Pacific Coast Earthquake M9.0 scale

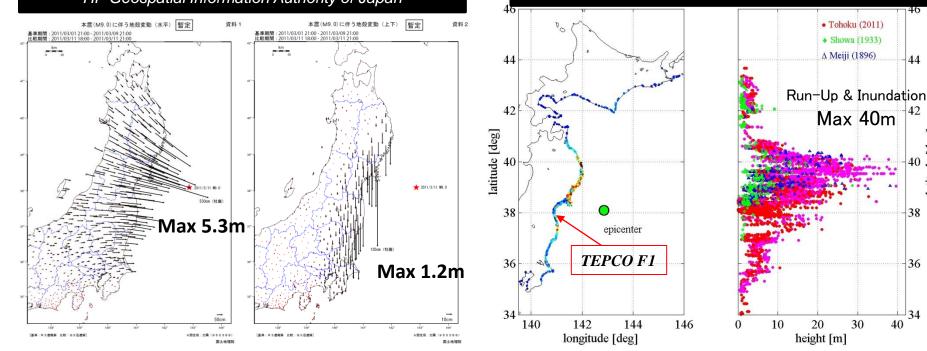
No.4 strongest in the world recorded history



atitude [deg]

Wide range Crustal Movement as identified by GPS based control station HP Geospatial Information Authority of Japan

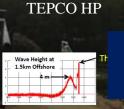




Severe accident of TEPCO Fukushima Dai-Ichi NPPs

- Core meltdown and Hydrogen explosion occurred sequentially by 1) Station Black Out, 2) Loss of Ultimate Heat Sink, 3) Uncontrollable operation, due to Vulnerability of multi Plant Systems; 1, 2, 3 and 4 units.
- 'Environmental Release' of rad. materials

by Leakage, Bending, and Hydrogen explosions







Hydrogen Explosion

Tsunami Attack

~ 15 m height



DIGITALGLOBE Service

On-Site & Off-Site Activities related on TEPCO Fukushima Dai-ichi Accident

2

1st priority for Japan's nuclear Decommissioning of TEPCO F1 NPPs

Step Wise Efforts for Mid-Term Decommissioning & On-Site Cleanup

- Decrease annual dose level (Now 0.03mSv at site boundary)
- Decrease & Treat contaminated water
- Develop & Investigate decommissioning technologies
 SF retrieval & fuel debris removal for Decommissioning



Decommissioning needs Challengeable Remote Technologies



To be established (June, 2013) International Decommissioning Research & Development Organization

Key Facilities for RD & D

Radioactive Analysis Research Center

- Design : 2013 ~
- Operation : 2017





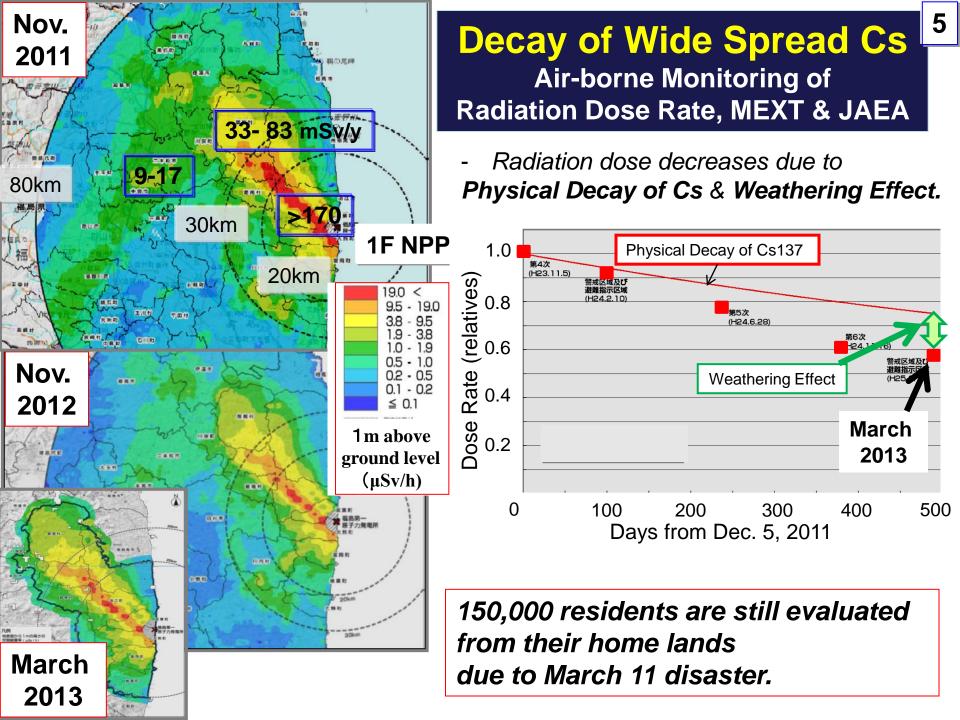
グローブボックスを用いた分析

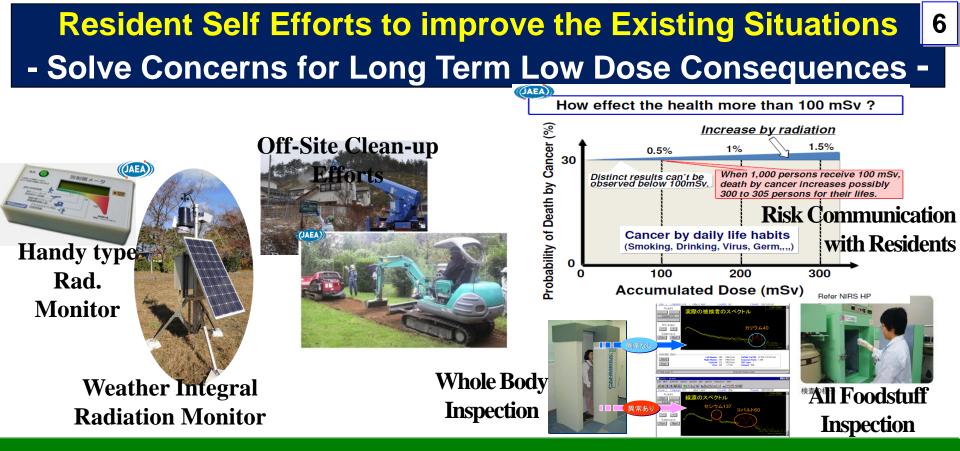
マニピュレータを用いた分析

Demonstration Facility for Remote Robotic System (Mockup Facility)

- Design/Const.; 2013 ~
- Operation : 2014





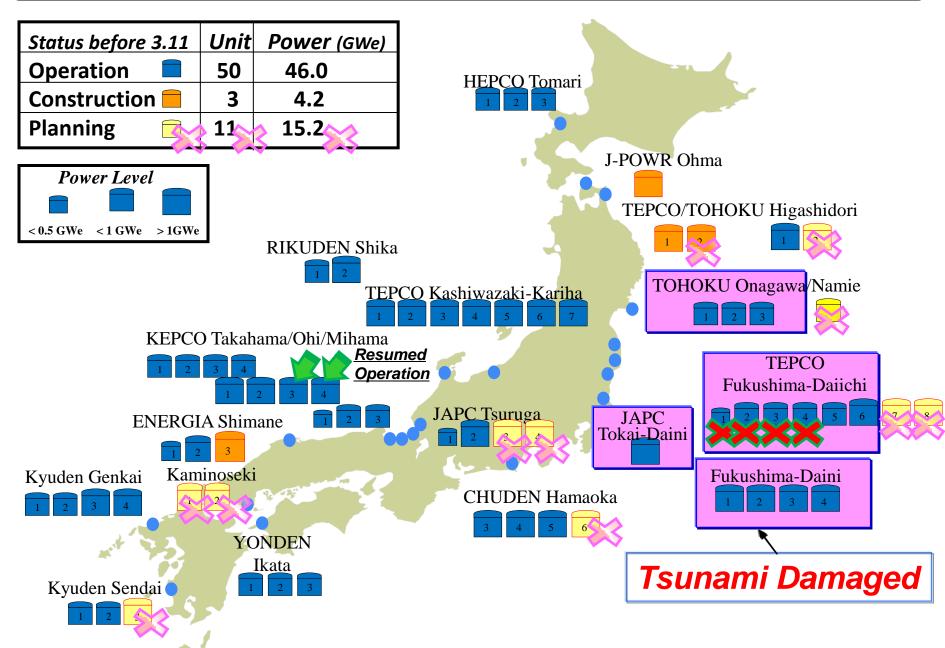


- Current radiation protection; target 1 mSv/y is based on resident daily life and self-check mechanism.
- To judge scientifically for low dose health effect, 1mSv/y & probability approach is difficult to understand for public.
- It is necessary to recover the confidence for specialist opinions and science itself in Japan after Fukushima.

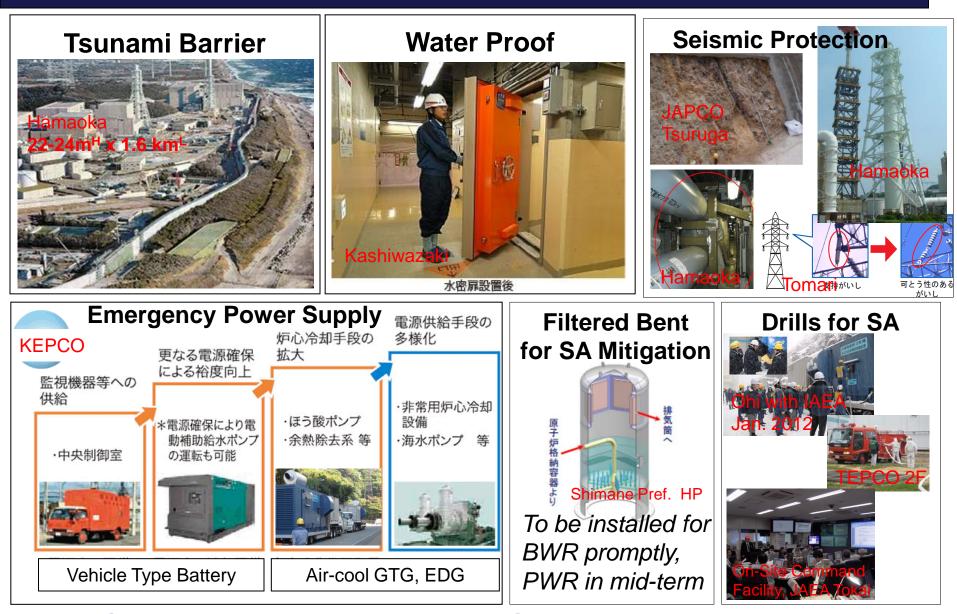
Establish and Enhance Safety of Existing NPP

Domestic NPPs under Operation & Construction

8



Typical Measures for Emergency of Domestic Existing LWR⁹



Continuous Efforts for Safety Improvement

New NPPs under construction now reinforced by new safety rules to be completed



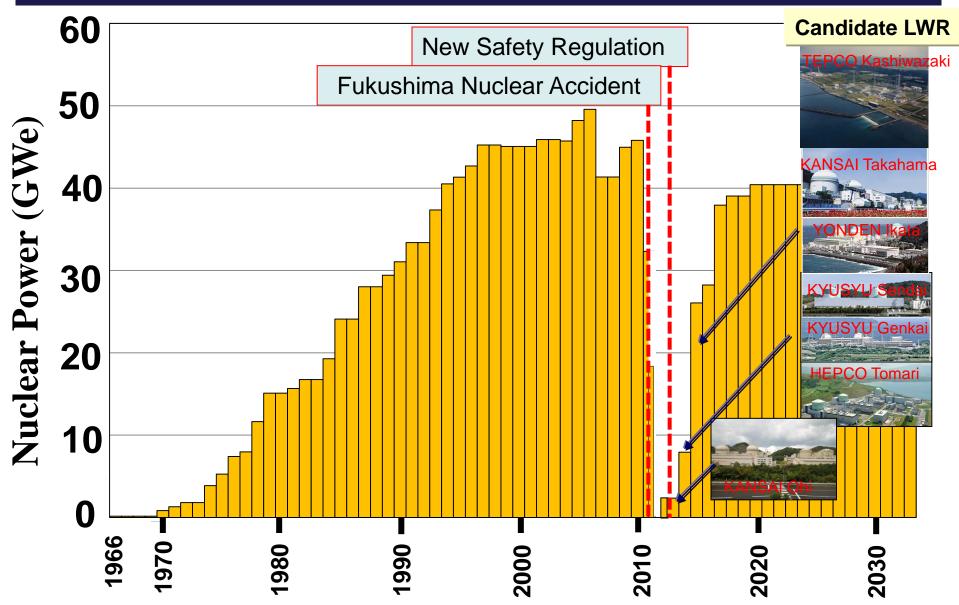
J-Power Ohma (ABWR 1.38GWe Full MOX) 37.6% (March, 2011), Resume construction, Oct. 2012 =



TEPCO Higashidori (ABWR 1.38GWe) 9.7% (March, 2011), Now holding Oct. 2011

Personal Prospect of Japan's Mid Term LWR Operation 11 after March 11 Accident

Early Case to be applied for New Safety Rules and then restart



Fukushima's Lessons for GEN-III⁺ ALWR in mid-term Nuclear Global Program



Wide Lessons from FUKUSHIMA

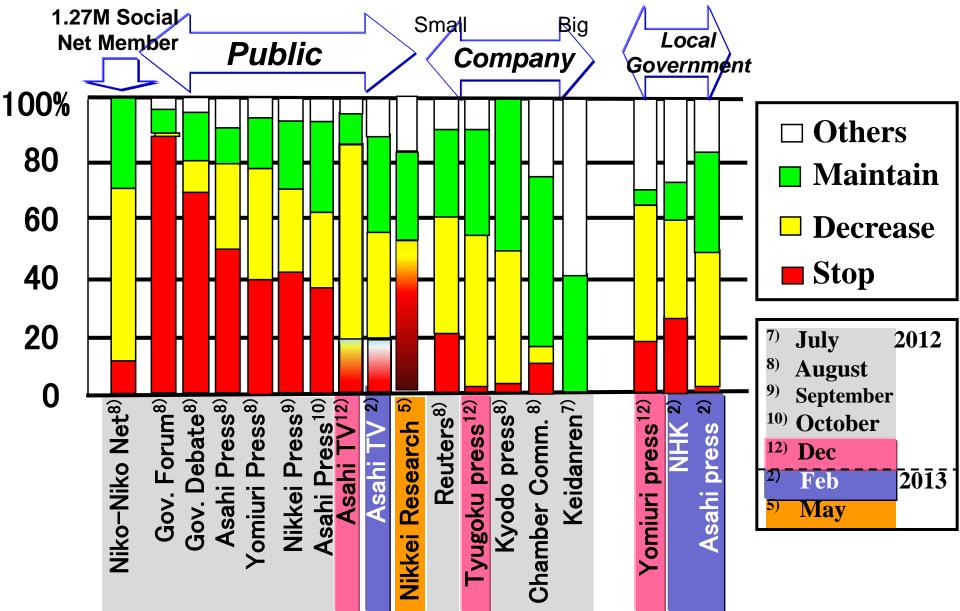
- Prepare catastrophic Beyond Design Base Events, especially for external hazards.
- Prepare the long time all SBO without any off-site supports.
- Install independent sequential passive safety mechanisms in off-normal blind operation.
- Drill 'SA Management in several hours' with operator, regulator, & other stakeholders.
- Make continuous efforts to improve 'Safety Culture',



Highest level Safety & Technology for Advanced Nuclear Plants

Diverse Opinions for Japan's Nuclear Acceptance depending Stakeholders (July 2012 to May 2013)

13



Resilient Engineering for Japan's Nuclear ¹⁴

'Nuclear as Safe, Stable, & Sustainable Base Energy'

- Recovery from Historical Disaster, Severe Accident & Loss-of-Public Confidence

- Resistance for Off-Normal Extreme Events, & System Vulnerability
- Optimization among Robustness, Diversity, Responsiveness & Economics