

DEVELOPMENT AND IMPLEMENTATION OF A 16x16 NEXT GENERATION FUEL (16NGF) FOR WESTINGHOUSE 16x16 TWO LOOP CORES (ANGRA-1 AND KORI-2)

Authors:

Marcio Adriano C. Silva

KIM, Yong Hwan



Table of Contents

- 16NGF Development Background
- 16NGF Design Objectives and Characteristics
- 16NGF Lead Tests Assemblies (LTA) and Full Region Implementation
- Conclusion

16NGF Development Background

➤ 2001

- INB, KNF and Westinghouse have jointly decided to design an advanced 16x16 Westinghouse type PWR fuel assembly

➤ 2002 to 2004

- Fuel Assembly design and tests phases
 - 2002 → Preliminary design
 - 2003 to 2004 → Final design and physical tests

➤ 2005 to 2007

- Angra-1 Safety Analysis (16NGF, RSG and Uprating)
 - INB, Eletronuclear (ETN) and Westinghouse

16NGF Design Objectives and Characteristics

➤ 16NGF Program Major Objectives

- Update the current 16x16 Standard (16STD) fuel assembly utilized at the Angra-1 and Kori-2 sites making it compatible with current Westinghouse technology
 - Batch average burnup greater than 55 MWd/kgU
 - More than 20% increase in DNB Margin
 - Mid Grid dynamic strength and dynamic stiffness sufficient to meet LOCA/Seismic design criteria.
 - Demonstration of compatibility between the 16NGF and the existing 16STD fuel assemblies in use in the Republic of Korea and Brazil.

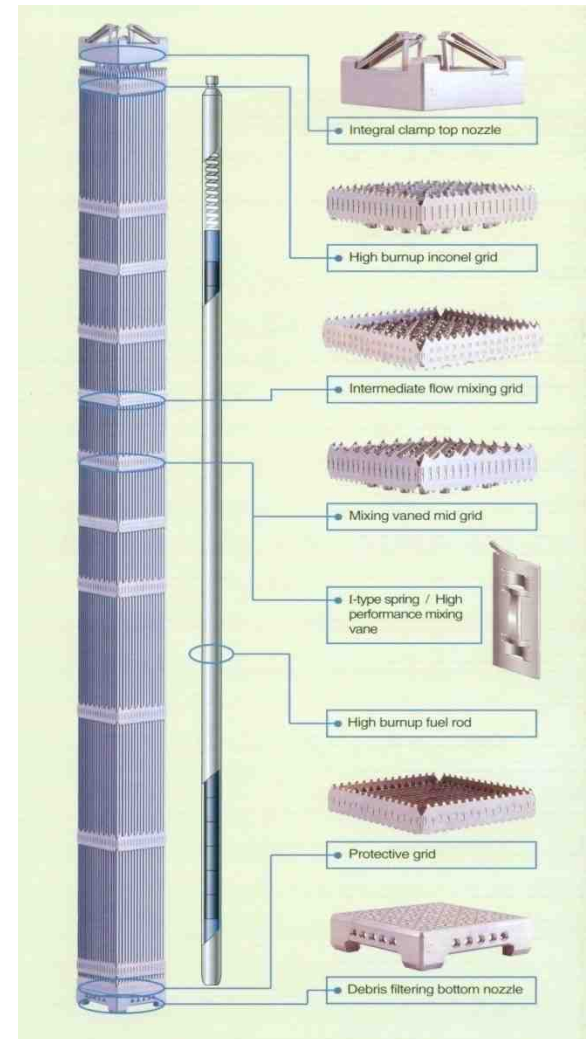
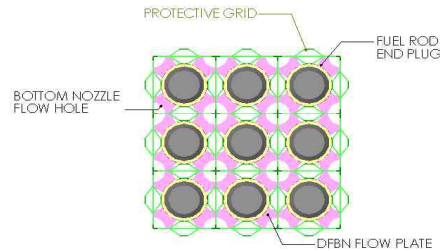
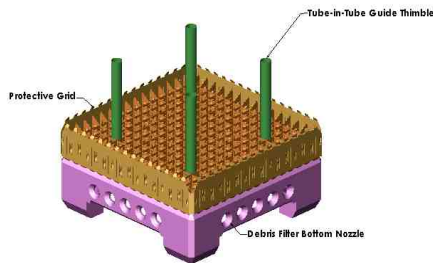
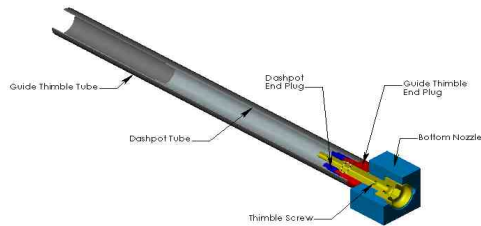
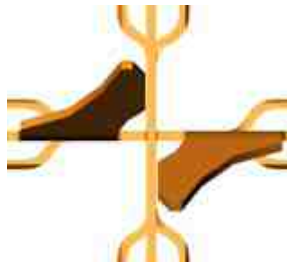
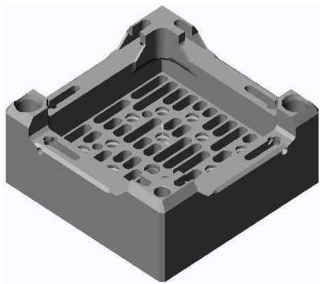
16NGF Design Objectives and Characteristics

➤ 16NGF Main Characteristics

Item	Previous STD	16NGF	Enhancement/Benefit
Fuel Rod	Zirc- ξ	ZIRLO [®] Clad Optimized Rod Dia. Axial Blanket (Opt.)	High Burnup (>40 GWD/MTU) Neutron Economy
Mid & IFM Grid	Inconel Mid Grid No IFMs	ZIRLO [®] Mid Grid New Spring/Dimple Optimized Mixing Vane Enhanced IFMs	Neutron Economy Fretting Wear Resistance DNB Margin(>20%)
Guide Thimble	Zirc- ξ Swaged Dashpot	ZIRLO [®] Tube-in-Tube	Robust & IRI Free
Top Nozzle	Welded to Skeleton	Modified ICTN with RTN	Spring Screw Failure Free Reconstitutable
Bottom Nozzle	DFBN/Standard	DFBN	Debris Filtering
Protective Grid	None	Protective Grid	
End Plug	STD End Plug	Long Solid End Plug	

16NGF Design Objectives and Characteristics

➤ 16NGF Main Characteristics



16NGF LTA and Full Region Implementation

➤ 16NGF LTAs Implementation

- Four LTAs in both utilities (Angra-1 and Kori-2)
- LTAs fuels are to be burned for three consecutive cycles
- LTAs fuels are supposed to be examined after each cycle (PSE - Pool Side Examination)

16NGF LTA and Full Region Implementation

➤ 16NGF LTAs Pool Side Examination

- Visual inspection
- Fuel assembly axial growth
- Fuel assembly bowing
- Fuel assembly twist
- Fuel rod axial growth
- Fuel rod Bowing
- Fuel rod diameter
- Fuel rod corrosion layer thickness
- Grid width growth
- Holddown spring force and rate

16NGF LTA and Full Region Implementation

➤ 16NGF LTAs Angra-1 Implementation

- INB and ETN (Angra-1 utility) has decided to take advantage of the new fuel design just after replacing Angra-1 Steam Generators (concluded in 2008)

16NGF LTA and Full Region Implementation

➤ 16NGF Implementation Strategy for Angra-1 NPP

	Cycle	Year	LTA	NGF	STD	STD/Zirlo	106%
RSG →	16	2009	-	-	81	40	No
First PSE Campaign →	17	2010	4	-	37	80	No
	18	2011	4	-	-	117	Yes
	19	2012	4	-	-	117	Yes
	20	2013	1	40	-	80	Yes
	21	2014	-	80	-	41	Yes
	22	2015	-	121	-	-	Yes

16NGF LTA and Full Region Implementation

➤ 16NGF Implementation Strategy for Angra-1 NPP

- INB investments to fabricate 16NGF fuels
 - New dies to produce UO_2 pellets

- Design and qualification of a semi-automatic 16NGF skeleton fabrication bench
- Qualification of an internal Gadolinium pellets supplier (CTMSP)



- New line to Gadolinium FR fabrication

16NGF LTA and Full Region Implementation

➤ 16NGF LTAs Kori-2 Implementation

- KNF and Kori-2 (utility) have chosen insert the 16NGF LTAs fuels immediately after design phase had been finalized (2005)

16NGF LTA and Full Region Implementation

➤ 16NGF Implementation Strategy for Kori-2 NPP

Cycle	Year	LTA	NGF	STD	STD/Zirlo	106%
20	2005	4	-	117	-	No
21	2006	4	-	117	-	No
22	2007	4	-	117	-	No
23	2008	-	48	73	-	No
24	2009	-	96	25	-	No
25	2010	-	121	-	-	No
26	2011	-	121	-	-	No

FMO*



* Fuel Management Optimization → 56 fuels (492 EFPD)

Conclusion

- INB and KNF have been adopting different 16NGF implementation strategies that better meets their requirements, objectives and needs
- Taking account PSE results so far, 16NGF fuel assemblies have been showing an excellent operational performance.